

## Digital Crime Awareness Workshop



#### WHO WE ARE



The Aberdeen Law Project is the first student founded, led, and operated law project in the UK.

We provide **free legal assistance and representation** to those who cannot afford a lawyer but do not qualify for legal aid (and so are in the 'justice gap') and run **outreach projects** educating the community on the law.

We operate in Aberdeen and Aberdeenshire, having expanded into Inverness in 2018.



We are part of the Digital Crime Awareness Project (DCAP).

DCAP's aim is to educate students and the wider community on digital crime.

#### **AIMS OF TODAY'S WORKSHOP**

- Introduce the idea of digital crime;
- Show you how to recognise these crimes;
- Show how to prevent this.



#### **UNDERAGE IMAGES**

Young people may do it because:

- they are threatened or coerced;
- they believe that everyone else is doing it;
- they think that they are in love.

Snapchat provides them with a false sense of security.



#### **UNDERAGE IMAGES**

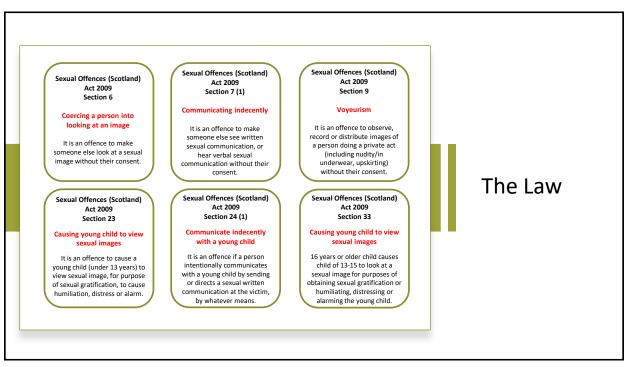
#### What is the law?

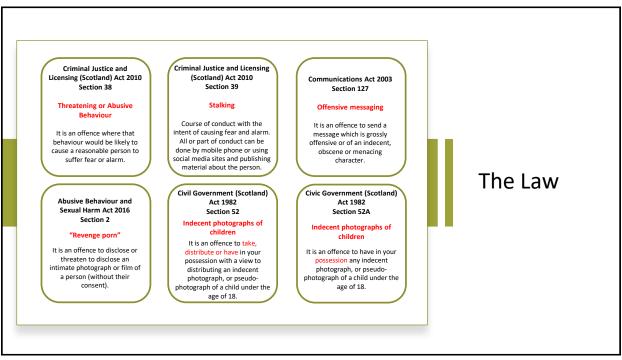
If you are under 18, sending, receiving and possessing explicit pictures of someone under 18 is **ILLEGAL**.

- But, why?
- You never know where it might end up.











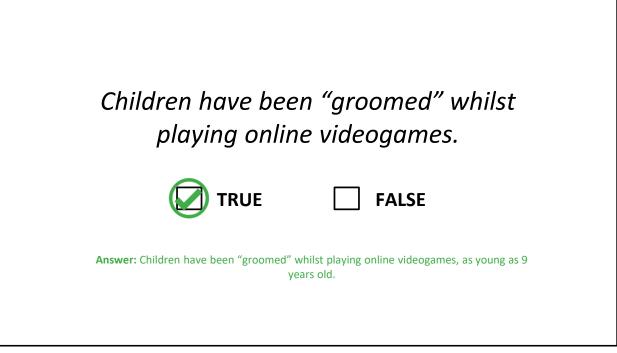




### GROOMING

- **Definition**: An adult preparing and influencing a child with the intention of committing a sexual act, most often online.
- How? It is a gradual process where the abuser picks targets, attempts to gain trust and results in physical and mental abuse, or sexual or financial favours. Start off by building trust, usually on a mutual interest.







#### GROOMING

On 17th February 2014, Breck Bednar, a 14-year-old boy was killed by an 18-year-old Lewis Daynes. Bednar knew Daynes only through online gaming and had never met him in person until he visited Daynes's flat on the day of the murder.

Not the stereotypical 'creepy old man' classically connotated with grooming. Grooming can occur at any age, and by anyone of any age.



#### CATFISHING

- Creating a false online account to mislead strangers.
- Why? Done for fun, money, bullying or in order to contact children online.
- **Take-away:** You cannot trust people online even when they seem very nice and trustworthy.
- Be extra careful if someone contacts you out of the blue, has very few friends.



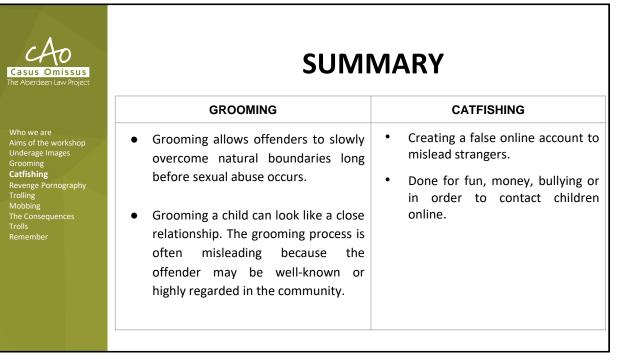




## THE WARNING SIGNS

- Becomes secretive about online activities
- Becomes obsessive about being online
- Their language becomes more sexually orientated
- More aggressive and protective of gadgets
- Possible rumors going around the school that have been overheard.

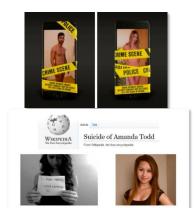






### **REVENGE PORNOGRAPHY**

- Any intimate picture sent which may cause harm/distress to the victim.
- <sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub> of reported revenge porn victims are teenagers

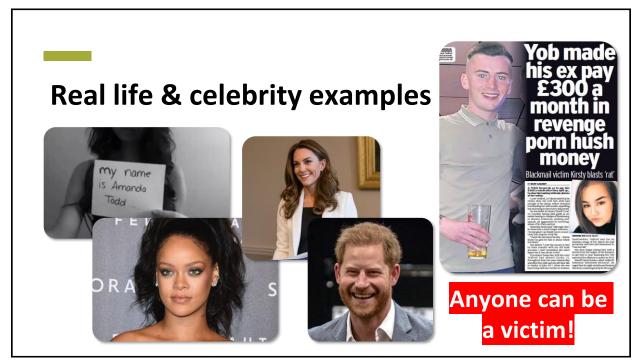




Zara McDermott: 'Revenge porn still affects me today'

- You never know who you can trust!
- What is posted can stay online forever!

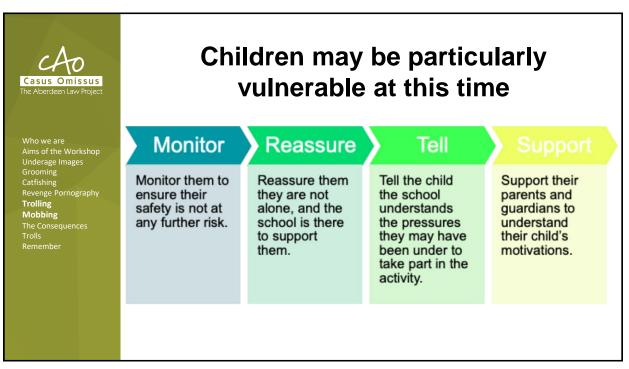
19/09/2021

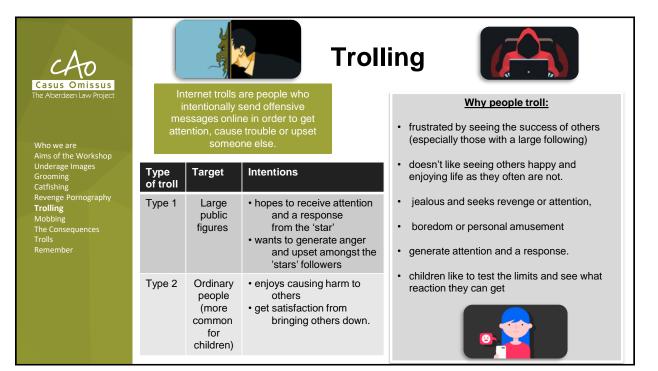




# What to do if you suspect a child has been involved

Identify	Identify the situation.
Recognise	Recognise what the image contains and who is involved (without viewing the image where possible).
	Discuss action to prevent further distribution. •delete any images or videos from social media accounts •including from cloud photo backups as soon as possible.





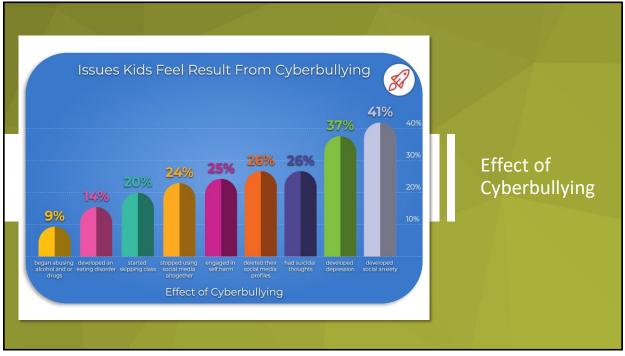




## Mobbing



When a group of people combine to attack a targeted person by abuse, undermining, sidelining or otherwise causing harm to their morale and reputation.



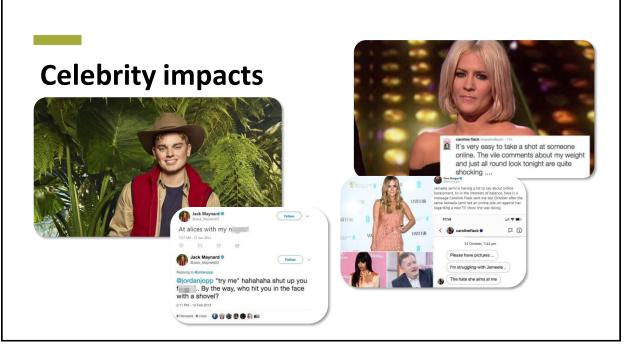


Who we are
Aims of the Workshop
Underage Images
Grooming
Catfishing
<b>Revenge Pornography</b>
Trolling
Mobbing
The Consequences
Remember

# Trolls face consequences too - sometimes even jail

- They cannot hide behind their computer for long.
- A single reporting of their account can unlock a large amount of personal information about them.
- Since October 2016, the CPS issued additional offences for trolls on twitter to be jailed if they use 'derogatory hashtags' or 'humiliating photoshopped images'.
- The director of Public Prosecutions Alison Saunders said: "Ignorance is not a defence and perceived anonymity is not an escape. Those who commit these acts, or encourage others to do the same, can and will be prosecuted."







19/09/2021

